

# Structural Analysis Due to Wind and Water Pressure

Tributary Areas

$$h_1 := 25\text{ft}$$

$$h_2 := 5\text{ft}$$

Line Loads

Diaphragm

$$\begin{aligned} \text{line\_load}_{\text{ground}} &:= h_2 \cdot \text{Pressure} + \left[ \frac{h_2}{2} \left[ \text{water\_pressure} + \rho \cdot g \cdot (\text{water\_height} - h_2) \right] \right] \\ &\quad \left[ \begin{array}{l} (\text{water\_height}_{0,0} - h_2)^2 \quad (\text{water\_height}_{0,1} - h_2)^2 \\ (\text{water\_height}_{1,0} - h_2)^2 \quad (\text{water\_height}_{1,1} - h_2)^2 \\ (\text{water\_height}_{2,0} - h_2)^2 \quad (\text{water\_height}_{2,1} - h_2)^2 \\ (\text{water\_height}_{3,0} - h_2)^2 \quad (\text{water\_height}_{3,1} - h_2)^2 \\ (\text{water\_height}_{4,0} - h_2)^2 \quad (\text{water\_height}_{4,1} - h_2)^2 \end{array} \right] \\ \text{water\_line} &:= \left[ \begin{array}{l} (\text{water\_height}_{0,0} - h_2)^2 \quad (\text{water\_height}_{0,1} - h_2)^2 \\ (\text{water\_height}_{1,0} - h_2)^2 \quad (\text{water\_height}_{1,1} - h_2)^2 \\ (\text{water\_height}_{2,0} - h_2)^2 \quad (\text{water\_height}_{2,1} - h_2)^2 \\ (\text{water\_height}_{3,0} - h_2)^2 \quad (\text{water\_height}_{3,1} - h_2)^2 \\ (\text{water\_height}_{4,0} - h_2)^2 \quad (\text{water\_height}_{4,1} - h_2)^2 \end{array} \right] \\ \text{water\_line} &= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 9 \\ 16 & 49 \\ 64 & 169 \\ 196 & 25 \end{pmatrix} \text{ ft}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{line\_load}_{\text{ceiling}} := h_1 \cdot \text{Pressure} + \rho \cdot g \cdot (\text{water\_line}) \cdot \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{line\_load}_{\text{ground}} &= \begin{pmatrix} 515.176 & 855.705 \\ 1169.439 & 1794.562 \\ 2108.123 & 3073.982 \\ 3387.799 & 4992.629 \\ 5306.768 & -780.35 \end{pmatrix} \frac{\text{lbf}}{\text{ft}} \\ \text{line\_load}_{\text{ceiling}} &= \begin{pmatrix} 266.047 & 376.776 \\ 415.964 & 669.893 \\ 895.495 & 2072.753 \\ 2549.352 & 6047.47 \\ 6900.245 & 780.35 \end{pmatrix} \frac{\text{lbf}}{\text{ft}} \end{aligned}$$

Reaction at Shear Wall

$$\text{reaction}_{\text{ground}} := \frac{\text{width}}{2} \cdot \text{line\_load}_{\text{ground}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{reaction}_{\text{ground}} &= \begin{pmatrix} 17.208 & 28.583 \\ 39.063 & 59.943 \\ 70.417 & 102.68 \\ 113.162 & 166.768 \\ 177.261 & -26.066 \end{pmatrix} \text{ kip} \\ \text{reaction}_{\text{ceiling}} &= \begin{pmatrix} 8.887 & 12.585 \\ 13.894 & 22.376 \\ 29.912 & 69.236 \\ 85.155 & 202.002 \\ 230.487 & 26.066 \end{pmatrix} \text{ kip} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{length} = 36\text{ ft}$$

$$\text{unit shear ground} := 2 \frac{\text{reaction ground}}{\text{length}}$$

$$\text{unit shear ceiling} := 2 \cdot \frac{\text{reaction ceiling}}{\text{length}}$$

$$\text{unit shear ground} = \begin{pmatrix} 956.018 & 1587.94 \\ 2170.14 & 3330.187 \\ 3912.065 & 5704.418 \\ 6286.773 & 9264.87 \\ 9847.821 & -1448.102 \end{pmatrix} \left| \begin{array}{c} \text{lbf} \\ \text{ft} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\text{unit shear ceiling} = \begin{pmatrix} 493.706 & 699.187 \\ 771.909 & 1243.126 \\ 1661.778 & 3846.427 \\ 4730.858 & 11222.351 \\ 12804.853 & 1448.102 \end{pmatrix} \left| \begin{array}{c} \text{lbf} \\ \text{ft} \end{array} \right.$$

Select Sheathing and determine nailing schedule for the Diaphragms

The unit shear ground will be controlling for all categories except the max category 4 hurricanes and above

Category 1

Use Structural I sheathing with 8d nails; 1-3/8 in minimum fastener penetration. Minimum panel thickness of 3/8 in and a minimum nominal framing width of 2 in. The nail spacing at panel edges is at 3 in.

Category 2

Use Structural I sheathing with 10d nails; 1-1/2 in minimum fastener penetration. Minimum panel thickness of 15/32 in and a minimum nominal framing width of 3 in. The nail spacing at panel edges is at 3 in.

Note this sheathing and nailing schedule only applies to the lower bound of Category 2 hurricanes, there is no sheathing available to protect against the upper bound

Category 3 and above

There is no sheathing or nailing schedule available that will resist the loads calculated above

Design of Tension Chord

Wood is Southern Pine, Select Structural

Material properties

$$F_t := 1600 \text{ psi}$$

$$F_m := 2100 \text{ psi}$$

Adjustment Factors

$$C_D := 1.6 \quad \text{Load Duration Factor}$$

$$C_M := 1 \quad \text{Wet Service Factor}$$

$$C_T := 1 \quad \text{Temperature Factor}$$

$$C_E := 1 \quad \text{Size Factor}$$

$$C_I := 1 \quad \text{Incising Factor}$$

Calculate the axial force in the chord

$$\text{force\_axial}_\text{ground} := \text{line\_load}_\text{ground} \cdot \frac{\text{width}^2}{8 \cdot \text{length}}$$

$$\text{force\_axial}_\text{ground} = \begin{pmatrix} 7.983 & 13.26 \\ 18.122 & 27.809 \\ 32.668 & 47.636 \\ 52.499 & 77.368 \\ 82.236 & -12.093 \end{pmatrix} \text{kip}$$

$$\text{force\_axial}_\text{ceiling} := \text{line\_load}_\text{ceiling} \cdot \frac{\text{width}^2}{8 \cdot \text{length}}$$

$$\text{force\_axial}_\text{ceiling} = \begin{pmatrix} 4.123 & 5.839 \\ 6.446 & 10.381 \\ 13.877 & 32.12 \\ 39.506 & 93.714 \\ 106.929 & 12.093 \end{pmatrix} \text{kip}$$

Calculate Tensile Capacity

$$F_{t\_prime} := F_t \cdot C_D \cdot C_M \cdot C_t \cdot C_F \cdot C_i$$

$$F_{t\_prime} = 2560 \text{ psi}$$

Determine Required area of the chord

$$\text{area\_reqd}_\text{ground} := \frac{\text{force\_axial}_\text{ground}}{F_{t\_prime}}$$

$$\text{area\_reqd}_\text{ground} = \begin{pmatrix} 3.119 & 5.18 \\ 7.079 & 10.863 \\ 12.761 & 18.608 \\ 20.507 & 30.222 \\ 32.123 & -4.724 \end{pmatrix} \text{in}^2$$

$$\text{area\_reqd}_\text{ceiling} := \frac{\text{force\_axial}_\text{ceiling}}{F_{t\_prime}}$$

$$\text{area\_reqd}_\text{ceiling} = \begin{pmatrix} 1.61 & 2.281 \\ 2.518 & 4.055 \\ 5.421 & 12.547 \\ 15.432 & 36.607 \\ 41.769 & 4.724 \end{pmatrix} \text{in}^2$$

$$\text{Minimum}_{\text{area}} := 2 \cdot 1.5 \text{ in} \cdot 3.5 \text{ in}$$

$$\text{Minimum}_{\text{area}} = 10.5 \text{ in}^2$$

The chord force is not going to limit the design

Determine Shear sheathing and nailing pattern

$$\text{window\_length} := 9 \text{ ft}$$

$$\text{wall\_length} := \text{length} - \text{window\_length}$$

$$\text{wall\_length} = 27 \text{ ft}$$

$$\text{Unit\_shear}_\text{ground} := 2 \frac{\text{reaction}_\text{ground}}{\text{wall\_length}}$$

$$\text{Unit\_shear}_\text{ground} = \begin{pmatrix} 1274.69 & 2117.253 \\ 2893.52 & 4440.249 \\ 5216.086 & 7605.891 \\ 8382.364 & 12353.16 \\ 13130.429 & -1930.803 \end{pmatrix} \frac{\text{lbf}}{\text{ft}}$$

$$\text{Unit\_shear}_\text{ceiling} := 2 \frac{\text{reaction}_\text{ceiling}}{\text{wall\_length}}$$

$$\text{Unit\_shear}_\text{ceiling} = \begin{pmatrix} 658.274 & 932.25 \\ 1029.212 & 1657.502 \\ 2215.704 & 5128.57 \\ 6307.811 & 14963.134 \\ 17073.138 & 1930.803 \end{pmatrix} \frac{\text{lbf}}{\text{ft}}$$

Values from the NDS Wind and Seismic Provisions

#### Max Shear Resistance

The unit shear ground controls up until the lower bound on Category 4. Forces greater than the upper bound on Category 4 hurricanes and above, the unit shear ceiling controls

#### Category 1

Use of Wood Structural Panels- Structural Sheathing with a nominal panel thickness of 15/32 in. A 10d common nail is used with a minimum penetration of 1-1/2 in and a panel edge spacing of 2 in.

#### Category 2 and above

There is no sheathing or nailing schedule available that will resist the loads calculated above